# DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES WESTERN DISTRICT OF NORTH CAROLINA CHARLOTTE DIVISION 3:13-cv-459-RJC

(3:09-cr-239-RJC-1)

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)	<u>ORDER</u>
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**THIS MATTER** is before the Court on Petitioner's Motion to Vacate, Set Aside, or Correct Sentence filed under 28 U.S.C. § 2255, (Doc. No. 1). For the reasons that follow, the Court finds that this is an unauthorized, successive petition, and the Court therefore dismisses the Motion to Vacate.

### I. BACKGROUND

On March 17, 2011, Petitioner was convicted after pleading guilty to wire fraud and aiding and abetting the same, in violation of 18 U.S.C. §§ 1343 and 2. (Criminal Case No. 3:09-cr-239, Doc. No. 2: Plea Agreement). This Court sentenced Petitioner to 48 months of imprisonment. (Id., Doc. No. 35: Judgment). On September 25, 2012, Petitioner filed a timely motion to vacate his conviction under 28 U.S.C. § 2255. (Id., Doc. No. 58: 3:12cv635). On March 22, 2013, this Court dismissed the Section 2255 petition on the merits without holding an evidentiary hearing. (Id., Doc. No. 59). Petitioner filed the instant Section 2255 petition on August 12, 2013.

### II. DISCUSSION

Petitioner seeks to have the Court vacate his conviction and sentence in Criminal Case No. 3:09cr239. As noted, Petitioner filed a previous motion to vacate the same conviction and sentence on September 25, 2012, and this Court dismissed the motion on the merits and with prejudice. Thus, this is the second Section 2255 petition filed by Petitioner challenging the conviction and sentence in Criminal Case No. 3:09cr239.

Pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2244(b)(3)(A), "[b]efore a second or successive application permitted by this section is filed in the district court, the applicant shall move in the appropriate court of appeals for an order authorizing the district court to consider the application." Thus, Petitioner must first obtain an order from the Fourth Circuit before this Court will consider any second or successive petition under 28 U.S.C. § 2255. Petitioner has not shown that he has obtained the permission of the Fourth Circuit to file a successive petition. See also 28 U.S.C. § 2255(h) (stating that "[a] second or successive motion must be certified as provided in section 2244 by a panel of the appropriate court of appeals"). Accordingly, this unauthorized, successive petition must be dismissed. See Burton v. Stewart, 549 U.S. 147, 153 (2007) (holding that failure of petitioner to obtain authorization to file a "second or successive" petition deprived the district court of jurisdiction to consider the second or successive petition "in the first place").

#### III. CONCLUSION

For the foregoing reasons, the Court will dismiss Petitioner's Section 2255 Motion to Vacate for lack of jurisdiction because the motion is a successive petition and Petitioner has not first obtained permission from the Fourth Circuit to file the motion.

## **IT IS, THEREFORE, ORDERED** that:

- 1. Petitioner's Motion to Vacate, (Doc. No. 1), is **DISMISSED** as a successive petition.
- 2. **IT IS FURTHER ORDERED** that pursuant to Rule 11(a) of the Rules Governing

Section 2254 and Section 2255 Cases, this Court declines to issue a certificate of appealability. See 28 U.S.C. § 2253(c)(2); Miller-El v. Cockrell, 537 U.S. 322, 338 (2003) (in order to satisfy § 2253(c), a petitioner must demonstrate that reasonable jurists would find the district court's assessment of the constitutional claims debatable or wrong); Slack v. McDaniel, 529 U.S. 473, 484 (2000) (when relief is denied on procedural grounds, a petitioner must establish both that the dispositive procedural ruling is debatable and that the petition states a debatable claim of the denial of a constitutional right).

Signed: December 8, 2015

Robert J. Conrad, Jr.

United States District Judge